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### CONTROL AND ACCOUNTABILITY OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

### 1.0 **<u>PURPOSE</u>**

To provide instructions for the procurement, use, storage, disposal, control and accountability of radioactive sources at the Georgia Institute of Technology (Georgia Tech).

#### 2.0 <u>SCOPE</u>

This procedure is applicable to Georgia Tech covering all operations involving radioactive materials including work at temporary job sites within the state of Georgia.

#### 3.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 3.1 The Radiation Safety Committee (RSC) is responsible for reviewing and enforcing policies governing the procurement, use, storage, disposal, control, and accountability of radioactive materials. The RSC is responsible for acting on a Form A submitted by the prospective AU for the use of radioactive materials. Any Form A for use of these materials must be approved by the RSC before the radioactive material is acquired or used. The RSC can modify, suspend, or revoke any Form A. The Radiation Safety Officer (RSO) is responsible for the Georgia Tech Radiation Safety Program including determining compliance with rules and regulations of the State of Georgia, license conditions, the Georgia Tech Radiation Safety Policy Manual, and the conditions under which the Authorized User (AU) obtained approval from the RSC.
- 3.2 The Office of Radiological Safety (ORS) is responsible for providing radiation protection services such as personnel monitoring, waste disposal, periodic laboratory surveys, maintenance of records required by the State of Georgia, and consultation on the safe use of radioactive materials. ORS is authorized to enter any room housing radioactive material at any time for the purpose of determining compliance with the State of Georgia regulations for personnel health and safety.
- 3.3 The Authorized User (AU) is responsible for using radioactive materials in accordance with the requirements of this procedure, the Georgia Tech Radiation Safety Policy Manual, any related procedures, and the conditions of their approved Form A. The AU is also responsible for ensuring that any individual using their radioactive materials does the same.

#### 4.0 **<u>REFERENCES/REQUIREMENTS</u>**

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4.1	Requirements and Specifications
4.1.1	Radiation Safety Policy Manual, Georgia Institute of Technology
4.1.2	State of Georgia Rules and Regulations for Radioactive Materials, Chapter 391-3-17
4.2	Related Procedures
4.2.1	Procedure 9251, Procedure for Receiving and Opening Radioactive Packages
4.2.2	Procedure 9280, Personnel Surveys
4.2.3	Procedure 9290, Radioactive Waste Management and Disposal
4.2.4	Procedure 9300, Facility Requirements & Guidelines for Radioactive Material or Radiation Generating Equipment Laboratories
4.2.5	Procedure 9303, Guidelines for Handling Radioactive Spills
4.2.6	Procedure 9310, Posting and Labeling for Radioactive Materials and Radiation Machines
4.2.7	Procedure 9312, Sealed Source Leak Tests
4.2.8	Procedure 9316, Personnel Dosimetry
4.2.9	Procedure 9317, Routine Surveys for Open Source Radioactive Material Labs
4.3	Equipment/Materials Required (available at <u>www.ehs.gatech.edu/radiation/ram/forms</u> )
4.3.1	Form A (RS-019a) - Application for Authorized User Status for Acquisition and Use of Radioactive Materials (Form A)
4.3.2	Form B (RS-019b) - Radiation Worker Registration Form
4.3.3	Form C (RS-019c) - Certification of Current Inventory for Acquisition of Radioactive Materials
4.3.4	Form E (RS-019e) - Radioactive Material Inventory Record Form
4.3.5	Form G (RS-019g) - Radioactive Waste Disposal Form
4.3.6	Radiation Work Permit (RS-23)

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- 4.3.7 Weekly Radiation Survey Checklist (RS-137)
- 5.0 **DEFINITIONS**
- 5.1.1 Radiation Worker individual who has successfully completed all requirements of 6.1.
- 5.1.2 Authorized User (AU) Georgia Tech faculty or staff member whose use of radioactive material has been approved by the RSC. The AU is normally in charge of a research project involving radiation or is responsible for a course with laboratory or field exercises in which radiation is involved. An AU is also considered to be a Radiation Worker who has completed all requirements of 6.1 and 6.2.

#### 6.0 **PROCEDURAL STEPS**

#### 6.1 **Obtaining and Maintaining Radiation Worker Status**

- 6.1.1 Each individual who handles radioactive material must obtain Radiation Worker status prior to handling the radioactive material. Other individuals working in the proximity of radioactive material may be required to obtain Radiation Worker status at the discretion of the RSO.
- 6.1.2 Complete Radioactive Material Safety Training and Hands-On Radioactive Material Safety Training.
- 6.1.3 Submit a completed Form B to ORS.
- 6.1.4 Refresher Radioactive Material Safety Training is required after 3 years and annually thereafter.
- 6.1.5 If a Radiation Worker does not complete refresher training by the expiration date, the worker may not handle radioactive materials until they have completed the refresher training.

#### 6.2 **Obtaining and Maintaining Authorized User Status**

6.2.1 The prospective AU shall complete and submit a Form A. The RSO shall review the Form A, and if necessary, consult with the prospective AU to discuss the Form A (e.g., facilities available, training and experience of the applicant, survey equipment available, and the details of the work to be performed). Facility requirements and guidelines are found in Procedure 9300.

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- 6.2.2 Upon review and concurrence with the Form A by the RSO, the Form A shall be forwarded to the RSC for review.
- 6.2.3 Since the RSC may meet only once per quarter, the Chair of the RSC is empowered to signify an interim approval of the Form A. In such instances, the Form A will be presented to the RSC for review at the next meeting.
- 6.2.4 The RSC may require further data for the Form A, change the conditions of use of the Form A, or return the Form A to the prospective AU without approval.
- 6.2.5 RSC approval will be signified by the signature of the Chair and the RSO on the Form A.
- 6.2.6 Upon the approval of a Form A for AU Status, the AU shall also grant ORS access (or provide a key) to the room(s) where the radioactive material will be used and/or stored.
- 6.2.7 The procedure as described in the approved Form A, along with any modifications incorporated during the review process, shall become the conditions under which the AU and their personnel are authorized to use the radioactive materials.
- 6.2.8 If individuals are observed to be using radioactive materials in a manner or under conditions other than that approved by the RSC, the radioactive material may be retrieved and returned to ORS.
- 6.2.9 An AU who wishes to make any change to the approved Form A, including but not limited to changes in the use procedure, to the storage or use location, the methods of storage or disposal, adding isotopes of the same physical form with similar, activity, etc. shall request the change in writing to the RSO and wait for approval of the amendment before instituting any change. The RSO may require a new Form A if the changes are deemed significant.

#### 6.3 Acquisition of Radioactive Materials

- 6.3.1 Prior to ordering radioactive materials, the AU or designee shall submit an electronic Form C to ORS for approval. The paper version of Form C (available from ORS) is to be used for any transfers of RAM between AUs at Georgia Tech.
- 6.3.2 The requisition shall be checked to determine:
- 6.3.2.1 That the requestor is authorized to receive the quantity of radioactive material in the requested physical and chemical form being ordered,

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- 6.3.2.2 That the radioactive material being ordered, when added to the AU's current inventory, will not cause the AU's authorized inventory limits to be exceeded.
- 6.3.3 Form C approval may be delayed until the current inventory has been submitted (6.5.2.2).

#### 6.4 **Receipt of Radioactive Materials**

- 6.4.1 ORS shall receive, open, inventory, and transfer to the AU all radioactive materials sent to Georgia Tech according to Procedure 9251.
- 6.5 **Inventory**
- 6.5.1 ORS shall maintain the master radioactive materials inventory for Georgia Tech.
- 6.5.2 The AU shall maintain accurate records of the receipt, use, transfer, and disposal of radioactive materials under their control. The Form E and a quarterly inventory verification are the two methods to be used by the AU to maintain these records. These records are then used by ORS to maintain the master inventory.
- 6.5.2.1 Form E Completion
- 6.5.2.1.1 Each time an aliquot is removed from an unsealed source, an entry shall be made to show that the source has been decreased by removal, how much is left, and where the removed aliquot was transferred (e.g., solid waste, liquid waste, LSC vials, etc.).
- 6.5.2.1.2 For sealed sources, the only entry on Form E will be the indication that the source is being transferred to solid waste or another AU.
- 6.5.2.2 Radioactive Materials Inventory Verification Report
- 6.5.2.2.1 On a quarterly basis, ORS shall send a Radioactive Materials Inventory Verification Report to each AU.
- 6.5.2.2.2 The AU shall confirm the current activity and location of the sources on their inventory. Verification of the location shall be confirmed by physically viewing the source (not just the outer vial or storage container). If any information is incorrect, indicate this in the "Incorrect" column and provide details at the end of the report.
- 6.5.2.2.3 The AU shall sign and date the inventory form.

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- 6.5.2.2.4 The AU shall return the completed Radioactive Materials Inventory Record form to ORS in a timely manner.
- 6.5.3 ORS shall conduct an inventory verification for a minimum of 5% of the radioactive material AUs per quarter.
- 6.5.4 Inventory records shall be readily available for periodic review by ORS or State of Georgia Radioactive Material Program inspectors.

#### 6.6 **Splitting of Sources**

6.6.1 When an aliquot is removed from a source for the purpose of creating a permanent separate source retained by the AU, a new source number may be created for the newly created source. This new source number will be the same as the original source number except that the third grouping of numbers will specify the split number.

**Example:** If the original source is 008-021-00 then the first split will be numbered 008-021-01, and the second split will be numbered 008-021-02, and so on.

- 6.6.2 Any time a source is split according to 6.6.1, all resulting containers of radioactive material shall be labeled with the new source number and associated information per Procedure 9251 and otherwise labeled per Procedure 9310.
- 6.6.3 Notation of removal of the aliquot from the original source must be made on the Form E of the original source.
  - **Example:** If 008-021-00 containing 1 mCi is split so that it is entirely used, on the Form E the following will be noted:

Original - 1 mCi Split Source - 0.5 mCi #008-021-01 Left - 0.5 mCi

6.6.4 A new Form E shall be created for each newly split source, and a copy of this form shall be sent to ORS.

#### 6.7 Transfer of Radioactive Material

6.7.1 If an AU wishes to transfer a source (or part of a source) to another AU:

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6.7.1.1 The AU receiving the source must be in good standing (i.e., all unsatisfactory inspection items have been corrected: all training is current. etc.) 6.7.1.2 The AU receiving the source must be authorized for the isotope, activity, and type of source 6.7.1.3 The AU receiving the source must submit a paper Form C to ORS requesting the transfer. The transfer must be approved by the RSO before the transfer occurs. 6.7.1.4 ORS shall process the transfer per Procedure 9251. The AU transferring the source shall note the transfer on the Form E. 6.7.1.5 6.8 **Loaning of Sources** 6.8.1 If an AU wishes to borrow a source from another AU, the borrowing AU must: 6.8.1.1 Be in good standing (i.e., all unsatisfactory inspection items have been corrected; all training is current, etc.), and either 6.8.1.2 Be authorized for the isotope, activity, and type of source, and receive written approval from the loaning AU and the RSO, OR 6.8.1.3 Submit a Radiation Work Permit to the loaning AU and RSO for approval. 6.8.1.3.1 The borrowing AU shall be the RWP requester. 6.8.1.3.2 The borrowing AU and their Radiation Workers are not required to submit a Form B for the loaning AU. 6.8.2 Unsealed sources that will be removed from their container and incorporated into a sample (or similar) may not be loaned. These sources must be transferred according to 6.7. Examples: sources pipetted for use, powder sources incorporated into solutions, etc. 6.8.3 The loaning AU shall keep a log sheet showing any sources loaned. The log shall record: 6.8.3.1 Source number, isotope, borrower's use location, printed and signed name of individual checking out the source(s), date checked out, name of the person checking the source back in, and date checked back in.

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#### 6.9 **Disposal of Radioactive Waste**

- 6.9.1 Disposal of radioactive waste into containers in the lab is recorded on the Form G. This form reflects all waste placed in a given waste container. This form is completed in addition to the individual tracking for each source on the Form E as detailed in 6.5.2.1.
- 6.9.2 Waste handling, storage, and disposal shall be performed per Procedure 9290.

#### 6.10 **Inactive Labs**

- 6.10.1 There are occasions that an AU's radioactive material work will stop for a period of time. During this period of inactivity, other non-RAM related work may continue. It is not always desirable to perform a laboratory closeout due to the inactive time period.
- 6.10.2 To designate a laboratory as inactive:
- 6.10.2.1 The AU shall notify the RSO in writing that the laboratory is inactive with respect to all radioactive material use.
- 6.10.2.2 The AU shall submit a waste pickup request for all currently stored waste via http://www.ehs.gatech.edu/radiation/ram/waste-pickup-request.
- 6.10.2.3 Any outstanding Campus Survey inspection deficiencies shall be addressed.
- 6.10.2.4 ORS shall document a contamination survey.
- 6.10.3 While the laboratory is inactive, certain requirements still apply, such as:
- 6.10.3.1 Labels and postings shall remain.
- 6.10.3.2 The sources shall remain secured from unauthorized access, use, or theft and shall not be used.
- 6.10.4 While the laboratory is inactive, the following modifications are in effect:
- 6.10.4.1 The AU is not required to conduct daily or weekly surveys, or to complete the RS-137.
- 6.10.4.2 ORS shall visit inactive unsealed source labs to verify that they remain inactive.
- 6.10.5 The AU must notify the RSO, in writing, of the intent to restart radioactive material use in the laboratory prior to restart.

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- 6.10.5.1 Any AU for a laboratory previously designated inactive but found to be actively using radioactive material may be brought before the RSC.
- 6.11 Use and Handling of Radioactive Materials
- 6.11.1 Use adequate (appropriate thickness) shielding for the experiment (Lucite or plexi-glass for beta particles and lead for x-rays and gamma rays).
- 6.11.2 Potentially volatile radionuclides should only be used in an approved fume hood. Keep hood face as far down as practical.
- 6.11.3 Posting and labelling requirements for radioactive material use or storage areas are found in Procedure 9310.
- 6.11.4 All radiation experiments in neighborhood laboratories must be secured when unattended.
- 6.11.5 All radioactive material must be secured when unattended.
- 6.11.5.1 Each laboratory must have an appropriate survey meter as designated in the AU's Form A.
- 6.11.6 When working with loose radioactive material, at a minimum, a laboratory coat, gloves, and safety eyewear shall be worn. Remove gloves and lab coat when contaminated or leaving the work area. Disposable gloves are required when handling sealed sources.
- 6.11.7 Always handle radioactive material in a manner that minimizes exposure (the ALARA principle). For example, use tongs, tweezers, or hemostats of the appropriate length.
- 6.11.8 Unsealed radioactive material work should be done in or over a tray lined with absorbent material to control potential contamination.
- 6.11.9 Do not work alone in the laboratory unless with sealed sources or if there is a telephone present.
- 6.11.10 All persons shall monitor themselves (hands, feet, laboratory coat, etc.) for contamination after each experiment and before leaving a laboratory where loose radioactivity is in use per Procedure 9280.
- 6.11.11 When required, personnel monitoring devices shall be worn at all times when working with or near sources of radiation per Procedure 9316.

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- 6.11.12 For unsealed source labs, conduct routine surveys per Procedure 9317.
- 6.11.13 Spill response shall be conducted per Procedure 9303.

# 7.0 **RECORDS**

7.1 All records generated as a result of this procedure shall be maintained as permanent records of Georgia Tech.